## Announcement of a topic for:

Seminar ResearchXSeminar MethodsXMaster ThesesX(please mark one or more)

Topic	AERONET aerosol typing versus lidar-derived dust fraction at Cape Verde
Release Date	15 July 2024
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Description:	Height-resolved lidar observations offer detailed insight into the occurrence of different aerosol types over a measurement site. However, they are not nearly as widespread as passive observations of columnar aerosol optical properties with sun photometers. The aim of this work is to reconcile lidar-based aerosol typing at a site that is frequently affected by Saharan dust, biomass-burning smoke, and marine aerosols (Gebauer, 2024) with an aerosol-type classification based on sun-photometer observations (Shin et al., 2019). This will enable a better comparison of columnar parameters from lidar observations (such as the dust fraction) with an aerosol-typing retrieval that features different mixtures of mineral dust and other aerosol types.
Literature:	Gebauer, H.: Characterization of the annual cycle of aerosol and clouds over Mindelo (Cabo Verde) by means of continuous lidar observations, Master Theses, Leipzig University, 2024.  Shin, SK., Tesche, M., Noh, Y., and Müller, D.: Aerosol-type classification based on AERONET version 3 inversion products, Atmos. Meas. Tech., 12, <a href="https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-12-3789-2019">https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-12-3789-2019</a> , 2019.